

### The Global Acid Rock Drainage Guide (GARD Guide)

#### Best Management Practices for Acid Prevention

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& Terry Chatwin (INAP)



### Mining Industry Mandate

- Meet the current and future mineral needs
- Create jobs and value without adversely impacting future generation's opportunities
  - Prevent, minimize, and mitigate potential environmental risks
- Maintain "social license to mine"
- ARD frequently represents greatest challenge
  - ARD impacts can be very long lasting
  - ARD remediation is very costly (US: \$5-50 billion)



### ARD Issue Recognized by INAP

- International Network for Acid Prevention ([www.inap.com.au](http://www.inap.com.au))
- Consortium of mining companies that "...exists to fill the need for an international body which mobilizes acid drainage information and experience."
  - Networking and information-sharing
  - Technology transfer
  - Gap-driven research
- Recognized the need for global approach to ARD management
  - Gravity of impacts (duration, cost)
  - Increase awareness that current techniques can prevent and mitigate ARD
  - Focus on prevention: techniques are less effective after ARD generation (legacy sites)



### INAP

Members:

Supported by the Global Alliance



now

### The Global Alliance

Acid Drainage Technology Initiative



### Global ARD Guide (GARD Guide)

"An international guide for facilitating world-wide best practice in prediction, control, and mitigation of acid rock drainage."

"The guide will become a reference document for all stakeholders involved in ARD and waste management issues."



## GARD Guide Characteristics

- 2-year effort, awarded to Golder
- Rolled out in Summer 2009 (ICARD, Sweden)
- Flexible to accommodate site-specific issues
- Avoids duplication and builds on existing guidelines and compendia
- Consistent and promotes a systematic approach
- Founded on a risk-based approach
- Endorses a pro-active approach and encourages reduction and control at the source
- A "how to" guide and not a regulatory tool or a design manual
- Based on proven, field-tested technologies
- Encompasses the life cycle of a mine (cradle to cradle)



## Scope of GARD Guide

- 1. All Mine Phases** – Exploration through Post-Closure
- 2. All Mine Facilities** - tailing, waste rock, underground mine, pit walls, pit lakes, spent ore heaps and low-grade stockpiles
- 3. All Commodities** - base metals, precious metals, coal, diamonds, iron ore, uranium
- 4. Global perspective** -



## Target Audience

- Companies, governments, consultants, researchers, educators, communities, bankers, and NGOs
- Primary target audience is a scientist or engineer with a reasonable background in chemistry and the basics of civil engineering, but not necessarily specifically related to acidic drainage



## GARD Guide Features

- Web based
- Navigate within the Guide via internal links
- Connect to relevant references via external links
- Opportunity to provide comments
- Continual improvement and updates
- Presently no hard copy
- Translations anticipated



## GARD Guide Structure and Authors

**1. GARD Guide (INAP)**

Acidic Drainage	Neutral Mine Drainage	Saline Drainage
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ High concentrations of heavy metals</li> <li>■ High concentrations of sulfate</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of aluminum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of manganese</li> <li>■ High concentrations of zinc</li> <li>■ High concentrations of copper</li> <li>■ High concentrations of lead</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cadmium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of nickel</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cobalt</li> <li>■ High concentrations of selenium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of molybdenum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of boron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of bromine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iodine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of tellurium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of antimony</li> <li>■ High concentrations of arsenic</li> <li>■ High concentrations of vanadium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of chromium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of manganese</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of aluminum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of zinc</li> <li>■ High concentrations of copper</li> <li>■ High concentrations of lead</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cadmium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of nickel</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cobalt</li> <li>■ High concentrations of selenium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of molybdenum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of boron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of bromine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iodine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of tellurium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of antimony</li> <li>■ High concentrations of arsenic</li> <li>■ High concentrations of vanadium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of chromium</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ High concentrations of sulfate</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of aluminum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of manganese</li> <li>■ High concentrations of zinc</li> <li>■ High concentrations of copper</li> <li>■ High concentrations of lead</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cadmium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of nickel</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cobalt</li> <li>■ High concentrations of selenium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of molybdenum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of boron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of bromine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iodine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of tellurium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of antimony</li> <li>■ High concentrations of arsenic</li> <li>■ High concentrations of vanadium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of chromium</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ High concentrations of sulfate</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of aluminum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of manganese</li> <li>■ High concentrations of zinc</li> <li>■ High concentrations of copper</li> <li>■ High concentrations of lead</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cadmium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of nickel</li> <li>■ High concentrations of cobalt</li> <li>■ High concentrations of selenium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of molybdenum</li> <li>■ High concentrations of boron</li> <li>■ High concentrations of bromine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of iodine</li> <li>■ High concentrations of tellurium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of antimony</li> <li>■ High concentrations of arsenic</li> <li>■ High concentrations of vanadium</li> <li>■ High concentrations of chromium</li> </ul>

— Dr. Ward Wilson (Univ. Alberta, Edmonton),  
Dr. Ben Wickland (Golder, Vancouver)



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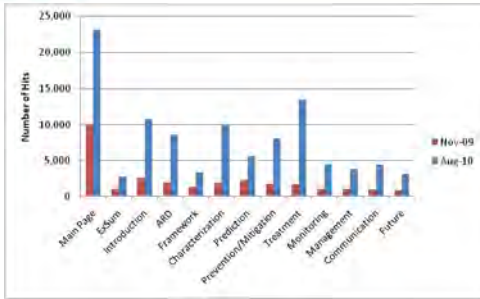
**7. Treatment**  
- Dr. Andre van Niekerk (Golder, Jo'burg)

**8. Monitoring**  
- Dr. Peter Chapman (Golder, Vancouver),  
Ms. Cheryl Ross

**Future**  
- Keith Ferguson (Sustainability Engineering)



### GARD Guide Usage



### GARD Guide Updates

- You can participate!
- On-line at [www.gardguide.com](http://www.gardguide.com)
- Workshops with support from GA
  - Tailings & Mine Waste (October, Vail, CO)
  - INAP Water Treatment (October, Sudbury)
- 2010 update – 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2010
- Next major milestone – Summer 2012 (ICARD, Ottawa)



Thank you

[www.gardguide.com](http://www.gardguide.com)

